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## Module 3



## **VESC Program Elements, Law Overview for Plan Reviewers**



## Module 3 contents

3a. Overview-Roles of VESCP Officials



3b. Program Statutory requirements, Law overview

3c. Program Review by DEQ





# Module 3a. Roles of VESCP staff





## Roles and Responsibilities in a **VESCP- Program Administrator**

- Ensures plan review, approval, inspections, and enforcement are being properly conducted
- reporting;
- record keeping;
- fee collections; and
- Ordinance updates







## Roles and Responsibilities in a **VESCP**—Inspector

- Conducts periodic inspections of active construction sites to ensure proper installation, construction, and function of **BMPs and other ESC measures**
- Documentation of inspection
- **Enforcement**







#### Roles and Responsibilities in a **VESCP- Plan Reviewer**

 Reviews ESC plans to ensure they adhere to the VESC Regulations, ESC Handbook, and local ordinance(s)





#### Roles and Responsibilities in a **VESCP- Combined Administrator**







"who may be the same person"





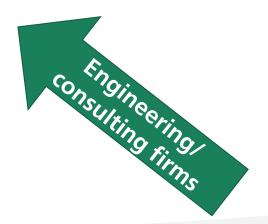
#### **Assistance with VESCP responsibilities**



The VESCP is authorized to use an outside entity to assist with the administration, plan review and inspection of land disturbing activities.

**Detailed in 62.1-44.15:58-B** 







## Module 3b.



## Statutory Requirements: Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Law





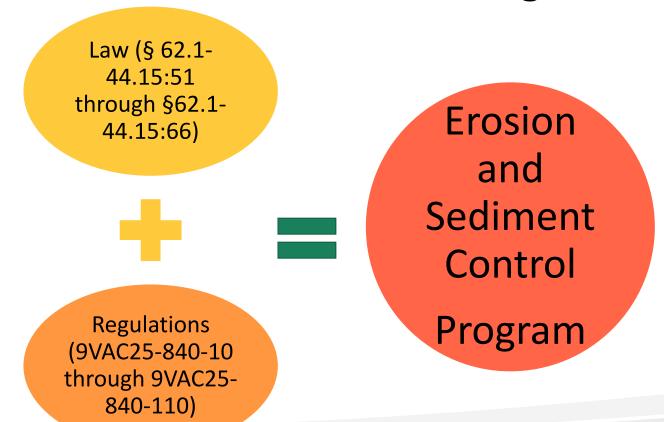
The stated purpose of the law is "for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and non-agricultural runoff to prevent the unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters and other natural resources"







#### **Erosion and Sediment Control in Virginia**







#### Importance of Understanding the Law

- The ESC Law is the legal basis for the ESC program.
- The Law establishes the rights and responsibilities of: VESCP and the public and private land users who must comply.
- A good understanding of the Law helps to effectively implement local ESC programs.





#### Importance of Understanding the Law

- Unless local officials act within the limits of the law, enforcement actions may become unsuccessful.
- Negligent or inappropriate application of an ESC program may result in legal action against the locality.
- Training local program officials and experience will help improve local program consistency.





Agreement-in-lieu of a plan

A contract between plan approving authority and the owner which specifies ESC measures to be implemented in the construction of a single family dwelling

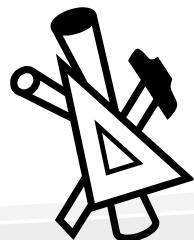




**Erosion and Sediment Control (ESC) plan** 

a document containing conservation practices and policies for controlling erosion on regulated land disturbing activities...









#### **Erosion impact area**

- Area of land not associated with a current landdisturbing activity .......
- .....but subject to persistent erosion resulting in delivery of sediment onto neighboring properties or state waters.
- Does not apply to any lot 10,000 square feet or less used for residential purposes or to shoreline erosion as a result of wave action.





#### **Land-disturbing activity**

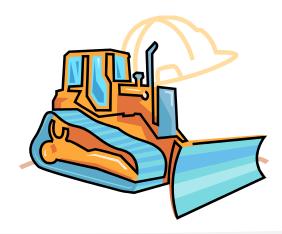
Any man-made change to the land which may result in soil erosion from water or wind and the movement of sediments into state waters or onto state lands including but not limited to;





#### ..... clearing

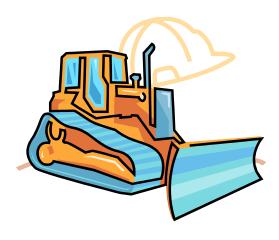


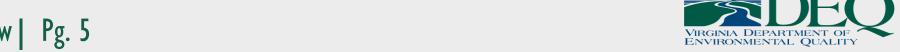




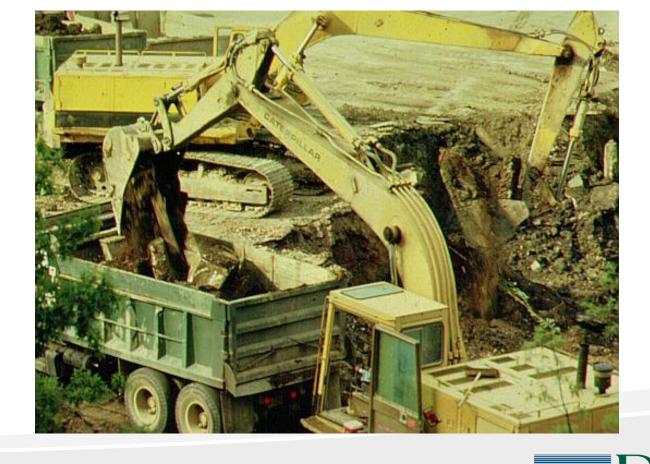
#### ..... grading,

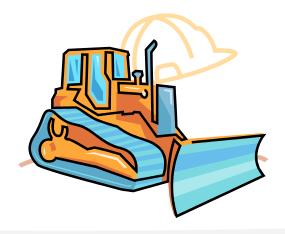


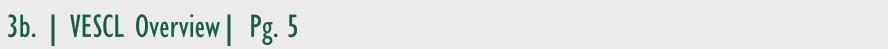












#### .....transporting,



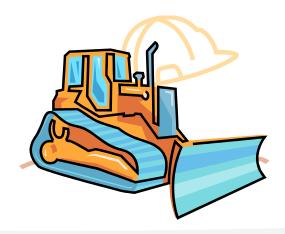


3b. | VESCL Overview | Pg. 5













Minor land-disturbing activities such as:

- home gardens
- landscaping
- repairs and maintenance work







- Individual Service Connections
- Installation, maintenance or repair of any underground public utility lines on an existing hard surface road, street or sidewalk confined to that area
- Septic tank or drainage field lines unless included in an overall plan



#### **Permitted Surface or deep mining**





Permitted exploration or drilling for oil or gas including the well site, roads, feeder lines and off site disposal





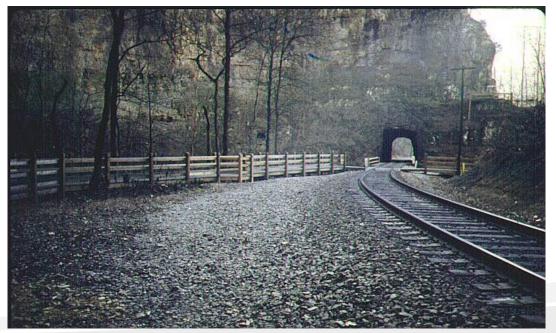
- Tilling, planting, or harvesting of agricultural or horticultural, or forest crops
- Feed lot operations
- Engineering operations
- As additionally set forth by the Board in regulation







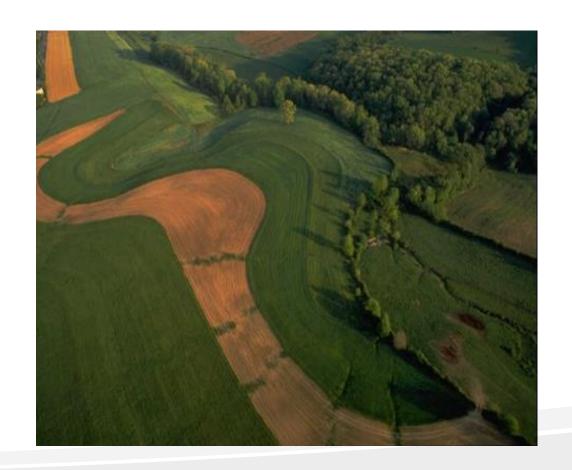
Repairing or rebuilding of tracks, right-of-ways, bridges, etc. of a railroad company





Agricultural engineering operations

- Terraces
- De-silting basins
- Contour cultivating
- Irrigation ponds





#### If disturbed land:

- < <u>10,000</u> square feet\* (outside Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area (CBPA))
- <2,500 square feet (land subject to CPBA)</li>
- \*Authorized by law to reduce this amount







#### Installation of fence or sign posts



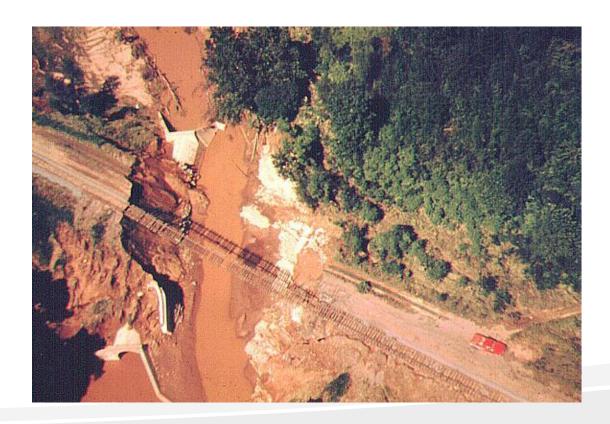


Shore erosion control projects on tidal waters – when within the regulatory authority of local wetlands boards, COE, VMRC ....





Emergency work to protect life, limb, or property





#### **Approved Plan Required**



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:55-A



- Approved ESC plan before starting land disturbing activities
- Evidence of Stormwater
   Management program
   coverage (after July 1, 2014)





#### **Annual specifications required for:**

- Electric
- telephone companies
- natural gas pipeline companies
- railroad companies

Operate a VESCP through submittal of annual specifications

- State entities
- Federal entities
- Linear projects



**Detailed** in

62.1-44.15:55-D

## Annual Standards and Specifications (Page 8)

Must submit	May submit
Electric companies	Authorities created under §15.2-5102 (ex. water or sewer authority)
Natural gas companies Telephone utility companies	State and federal entities
Interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies	Wetland mitigation or stream restoration bank projects
Railroad companies	

#### Applies to these activities

#### Construction, installation, or maintenance of:

- Electric transmission lines
- Water and sewer lines

- Natural gas lines
  - Telephone utility lines

#### Railroad company construction of:

- Tracks
- Bridges

- Rights-of-way
- Communication facilities
- Other related structures and facilities.













# An important thing to consider for approval of an ESC plan, it must be....what?





#### What is an Adequate Plan?





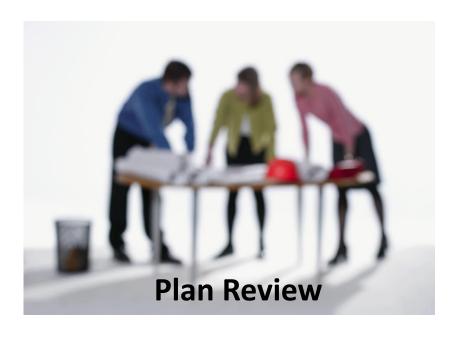
- Does the plan meet Minimum Standards in the Erosion and Sediment Control Regulations and the VESCL?
- Does it meet more stringent requirements of VESCP authority (if applicable)?
- Are all problems of erosion and sedimentation adequately addressed?



#### **Approved Plan Timeline**



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:55-B



- 60 days
- Provided written comments if inadequate within 45 days
- Review of resubmitted plan in 45 days



#### Plan Approval Timeline (RLD)



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:55-B

Name of the RLD needs to be provided at time of plan approval

Option to waive RLD certificate for construction of single-family homes under agreements in lieu of plans





#### **Comparison of VSMP & VESCP Plan Approval**

**VSMP Process VESCP Process** (9VAC25-870-108) (§ 62.1-44.15:55) ESC Plan submitted to SWM Plan submitted to Authority [or agreement in **Authority** lieu of for SFH] **45 days** to review and 15 days to determine provide written notice completeness and notify with explanation for plans applicant in writing that are not approved **60 days** from time of 60 days to review and notification to review plan and approve plans that are notify applicant in writing adequate **45 days** from date of If no action taken in resubmission to review and timeframe above, ESC respond in writing to previously plan deemed approved disapproved plans **60 days** to review and **45 days** to review and respond in writing to respond in writing to plans modifications of approved that were previously disapproved plans Individual responsible for carrying out LDA must be identified (i.e. RLD)

Page 11





### Power and duties of the State Water Control Board



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:52

Power and duties of the State Water Control Board

- Develop an erosion and sediment control program
- Adopt regulations for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and nonagricultural runoff
- Provide technical assistance for VESCP authorities





## Power and duties of the State Water Control Board



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:52

Power and duties of the State Water Control Board

- Provide technical assistance for VESCP authorities
- <u>Establish minimum standards for program</u>
   <u>effectiveness</u>
- Approve VESCP authorities
- Conduct periodic program compliance reviews
- Issue certificates of competence





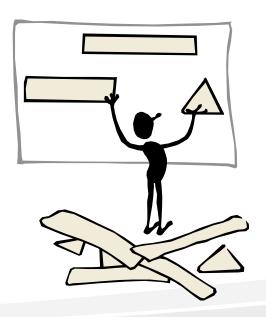


Detailed in 62.1-44.15:55-C

#### Plan may be changed when:

- 1. Inspection reveals inadequacies
- 2. Change in circumstances

(But all changes need to be consistent with the law, regulations and specifications)







# Additional Approved Plan Requirements

- (A) Provides option for submittal of multi-jurisdiction projects (can be done by the Department)
- (G) Identifies the land <u>owner</u> as responsible for plan submittal & approval.



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:55-A, F & G





#### **Permit Issuance**



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:55-A, F & G

Before any agency can issue grading, building, or other permits for activities involving LDAs regulated under the VESCL, the applicant must include an approved ESC plan and certification that the plan will be followed

(G) Identifies the land <u>owner</u> as responsible for plan submittal & approval.







Detailed in 62.1-44.15:57



- Provides option to require bonds or surety
- Requires return of unused bonds or surety within 60 days of adequate stabilization





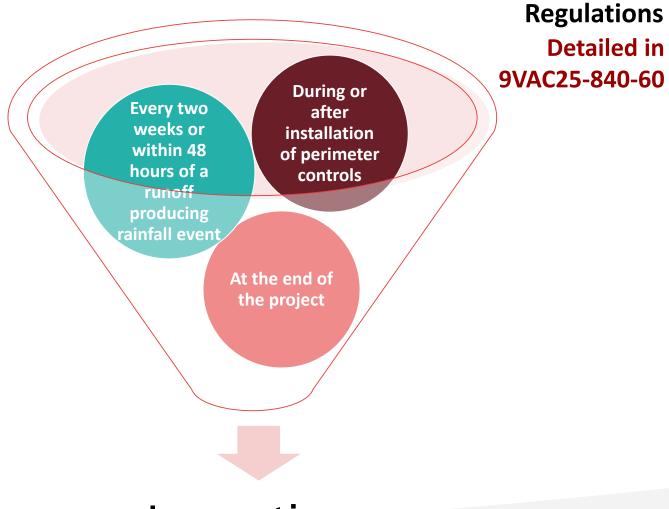


Detailed in 62.1-44.15:58



Requires inspections of land disturbing activities by program authority.





Inspections





## Authorization for more stringent standards



- Local programs may require more stringent standards
- The more stringent standards need to have a defendable or scientific basis
- Must go through the public hearing process at the locality





### Scientific basis for more stringent standards



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:65

- Prevent further degradation to water resources
- Address total maximum daily load requirements
- Protect exceptional state waters
- Address specific existing water pollution including:
  - 1. Nutrient and sediment loadings
  - 2. Stream channel erosion
  - 3. Depleted groundwater resources
  - 4. Excessive localized flooding within the watershed





#### Right of entry



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:60

Provides the right of entry by the Department or VESCP of any property for the inspection and enforcement.





#### **Monitoring Reports**



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:58



Authority may require monitoring reports from the the person responsible for the project (RLD).





# **Erosion and Sediment Control Enforcement**

 The local VESCP authority must have procedures in place to conduct enforcement of the ESC Ordinance





#### **Enforcement Overview**

- A. "Notice to Comply" procedure
- C. "Stop Work Order" procedure
  - After notice to comply, unless-
  - LDA without an approved plan
  - **Imminent danger**
  - Length of time Stop Work is in effect

Allows for other enforcement action to commence...



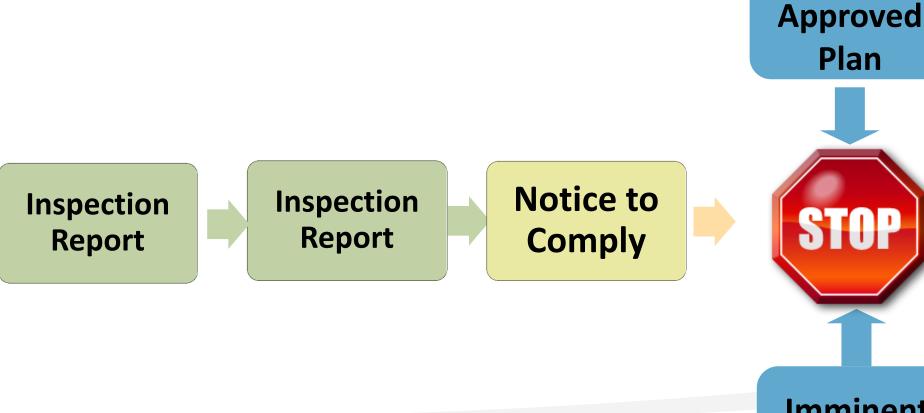
44.15:58-A & C







#### **Alleged Violation**



Imminent Danger

No



#### **Appealing a Stop Work Order**



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:58

The owner may appeal the issuance of a stop work order to the circuit court







#### Lifting a Stop Work Order



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:58

Upon completion and approval of corrective action or obtaining an approved plan or required permits, the stop work order shall be immediately lifted





#### **Stop Work Order By Board**

- Allows property owners to request state intervention
- Allows Board to pursue Stop Work Order

Director



DEQ gives written notice to VESCP authority of intention to issue stop work order If VESCP
authority does
not stop
violation within
10 days of
notice, DEQ
may issue a stop
work order after
a hearing



30 days, property owner may ask DEQ for stop work order





If VESCP authority

response does not stop

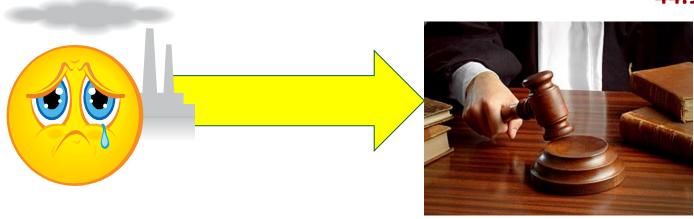
alleged violation after



#### **Judicial Appeals**



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:62



Final decisions of local and state program authorities to be judicially appealed





Injunctive relief (court ordered)



Detailed in 62.1-44.15: 63-C





Affected Property
Owner

Designated Land Owner, VESCP Authority, DEQ

**Circuit Court** 

**Write letter** 

No response in 15 days





#### **Civil Penalties**



A VESCP authority may adopt a schedule of civil penalties through your local ordinance or local regulation.

Penalties can be a given for violations of the following:

- VESCL
- Regulations (Minimum Standards)
- Failure to comply with an order of the Board
- Program (VESCP) requirements
- Permit conditions







#### **Civil Penalties**

#### **Civil Penalty Amounts:**



- One violation, between \$100.00 & \$1,000.00
- Each day is a separate offense
- Total maximum cannot exceed \$10,000.00









#### **Civil Penalties**

Behavior	Assessing penalty	Penalty
Violated, failed, neglected or refused to obey any of the following:  VESCL  Regulations or order of the Board  Local VESCP  authority order, notice or requirement  DEQ order, notice or requirement  Permit	Court may assess a civil penalty of \$2,000/day for each violation.	Subsection K of § 62.1- 44.15:53.  Penalties assessed by court paid into treasury of locality where project located.  If locality or its agent is the violator, penalties paid into state treasury

\* Civil penalties are in lieu of criminal prosecution by the VESCP authority





# Penalties, injunctions, and other legal actions



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:63

Violators shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor







#### Module 3c.

DEQ Compliance Review of a VESCP







62.1-44.15:54-C



Part C - Local programs shall be approved by the Board







**Detailed** in 62.1-44.15:54-F

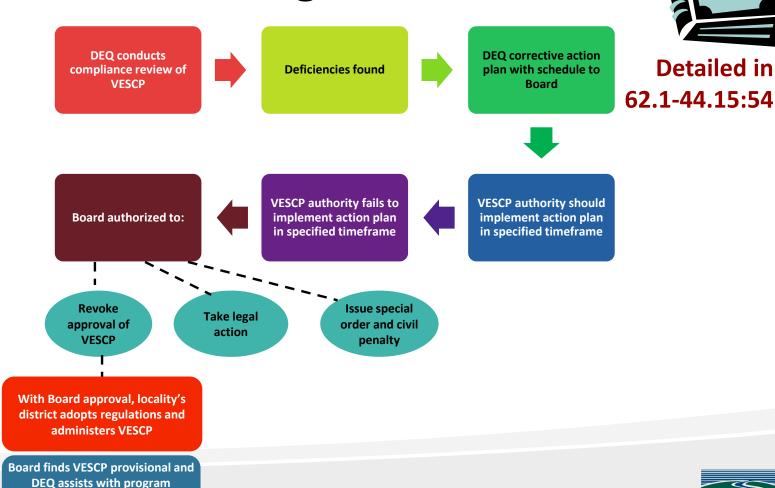
If a compliance review by the Board reveals that the program is inconsistent:

The Board shall establish a schedule for the VESCP authority to come in compliance.

The Board may impose civil penalties, revoke program approval, or take legal action.



administration until program comes into compliance





**Detailed** in





Detailed in 62.1-44.15:54-H

# Part H – allows provisional operation of the VESCP



#### **Reporting to DEQ**



Listing of all LDA for which the authority has approved an ESC plan



Detailed in 62.1-44.15:59

VESCP Authority

DEQ

On a schedule established by DEQ







#### **End of Module 2**

# QUESTIONS?

